

ers on time.

S. C. BULL,
St. Clair Street, Frankfort.

feb20.

THE COMMONWEALTH.

KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE.

IN SENATE.

THURSDAY, May 10, 1861.

The Senate was opened with prayer by Elder W. T. Moore, of the Christian church. The reading of the journal of yesterday was dispensed with.

PETITIONS.

Were presented by Mr. COSEY, of ladies of Henderson, for peace and neutrality; Mr. GILLIS, of citizens of Laurel county, for the repeal of a law; which were appropriately referred.

LEAVE TO BRING IN BILLS.

The following leaves were granted, and appropriately referred, viz:

Mr. HAYCRAFT—A bill to provide for a clerk in the Treasury Department of the State.

Mr. GILLIS—A bill for the benefit of Jos. L. McCarthy, of Whitley county.

Same—A bill to create the office of County Treasurer of Whitley county.

Mr. SIMPSON—A bill for the benefit of Alfred Hensley.

Mr. PRALL—A bill to amend the charter of North Middletown, in Bourbon county.

Mr. TAYLOR—A bill for the benefit of W. T. Fox, of Mason county.

Mr. IRVAN—A bill for the benefit of the Union Democrat, published at Canton, in Trigg county.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

Mr. ANDREWS—Judiciary—A bill to charter the town of Hillsboro', in Fleming county: passed.

Mr. CINSSELL—Judiciary—A bill to charter the town of Hillsboro', in Fleming county: passed.

Mr. RHEA—County Courts—A bill to charter the town of Gordonsville, in Logan county: passed.

Mr. BARRICK—Education—A bill for the benefit of school district No. 24, in Hopkins county: passed.

Mr. FISK—Education—A bill to amend the common school laws: ordered to be printed, and placed in the orders of the day.

Mr. DARNABY—Penitentiary—A bill to amend the Penitentiary, with a substitute for the House bill: the substitute was adopted.

[Allows H. Rodman \$250, Joseph Patterson \$100, and C. Drake \$50, for services in superintending buildings in Penitentiary.]

The bill was then passed by yeas 37, nays 0.

Mr. GROVER—Revised Statutes—A bill to give the County Court of Pendleton county jurisdiction over State roads: passed.

SPECIAL ORDER FOR 10 O'CLOCK.

The H. R. bill authorizing the Harrison County Court to buy arms and implements of war, and Mr. SIMPSON'S amendment, which makes an appropriation for arming the State, came up as the special order.

The SPEAKER, (having yesterday reserved the right to decide the question to-day,) decided the amendment out of order.

Mr. ANDREWS moved to refer the H. R. bill, in relation to Harrison county, to the committee on Military Affairs.

Some debate arose on this motion, in which Messrs. ANDREWS, JOHNSON, GLENN, and MARSHALL took part.

Mr. MARSHALL said he differed with the Representative from Harrison as to the propriety and policy of this measure, but while he was well convinced of its expediency, he being no constitutional difficulty, he felt himself bound in violation of his judgment as a Senator to aid in its passage.

He, however, upon a question imposing such a large tax as \$20,000, thought it was due the people of that county that the question should be submitted to them for their approval or rejection, and he intended proposing an amendment fixing an early day for them to take a vote upon the proposition.

The bill was then referred.

The following is the substitute offered by Mr. Simpson, viz:

WHEREAS, It is deemed necessary for the purpose of defense to arm the State, and to accomplish this object money will have to be borrowed; therefore,

1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, That the following named persons, viz: S. B. Buckner, Samuel Gill, James Speed, Warner L. Underwood, and H. I. Todd, are hereby constituted a Board of Commissioners, and authorized to borrow from the banks of issue in this State a sum not exceeding one million of dollars, for the term of ten years, and to execute to said banks, for and on behalf of the State of Kentucky, bonds for the amount borrowed from each of them, not to exceed in the aggregate the sum aforesaid, which bonds shall bear interest at the rate of six per centum per annum, payable semi-annually.

2. Said board of commissioners are authorized, with the money so borrowed, to purchase arms and munitions of war; and in making said purchases may, if they think proper to do so, ratify the contracts for the purchase of arms heretofore made by the Governor of this Commonwealth and pay for the same; all of which arms and munitions of war, when purchased, they shall distribute in such a manner as they may deem best calculated to promote the general welfare and the public safety, under such rules and regulations as they may think proper to prescribe, not inconsistent with any of the provisions of this act. But no part of said arms or munitions of war are to be furnished to any body of troops until they all, officers and privates, have taken an oath, in conformity with the requisition of the United States and support the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of the State of Kentucky.

In making distribution of a portion of said arms and munitions of war, among what is called the Home Guards, due regard shall be had to the most exposed parts of the State, and to those counties where service inspection is most to be apprehended.

A majority of said commissioners may exercise any of the powers hereby conferred on said board.

3. The money borrowed under the provisions of this act shall be paid by the banks into the State treasury, and then the requisition of said board, or a majority thereof, in writing, stating the purpose for which the money called for is to be applied, the Auditor of the State shall issue his warrant upon the Treasurer for the sum contained in such requisition: Provided, however, That the whole amount thus drawn from the treasury shall not exceed the sum borrowed from the banks and paid by them into the treasury.

4. Said board shall have the power, if it shall be found necessary to exercise it, to have one or more mills for the manufacture of gunpowder erected and put into operation at convenient points within the State; and also to adopt and carry into effect such other measures as they may deem expedient to enable them to furnish the arms and munitions of war which they are authorized by this act to procure.

5. An additional ad valorem tax of five cents on each one hundred dollars' worth of all the property and estate subject to taxation for revenue purposes within this Commonwealth, is hereby imposed for the purpose of paying the interest on the money so borrowed, and it shall be collected by the proper officer in each county in this State at the time the other tax is collected, and be paid into the public treasury; and all laws regulating the collection and payment of the revenue tax of the State shall apply to and regulate the collection and payment into the treasury of the additional tax hereby imposed. Any balance of said tax that may remain after the payment of

the interest aforesaid shall constitute a part of the sinking fund, and be applied towards the payment of the debt hereby created.

6. The State Guards, Enrolled Militia, or any other military force of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, shall not be brought into conflict with the armies, or any military or naval force in the service of the United States, unless an unlawful invasion be made by such military force for the purpose of making war upon the State of Kentucky, and all commands and orders to that effect or tending to produce such a result, shall be void of no effect; and every officer or other person giving or advising any such order or command, and every soldier, or other person, executing, or assisting to execute, the same, shall be deemed to be guilty of mutiny, and be punished for that offense.

7. No officer, soldier, or other person in the military service of the State, nor any person whatever, shall be subject to arrest, trial, or punishment for refusing to execute, or for disobedience to any illegal military order or command whatever.

8. Companies of Home Guards may be organized for home and local defense exclusively, but the members of such companies shall not be exempt from the military duties to which they are subject under the present military laws of the State; nor shall such companies be considered as any part of the organized militia of the State, or be subject, as companies, to be called into the service of the State. They are, when organized, to be furnished with arms by said board, so far as it can be done, having in view the object mentioned in the 2d section of this act, upon the following terms and conditions, viz: Application for arms for a company of Home Guards shall be made by the Captain of the company, who must produce to the board a certificate from the county judge that a company has been organized in his county; that the applicant has been duly elected Captain thereof, and that all the officers and members of the company have taken an oath before him to support the Constitution of the United States and of the State of Kentucky. Said applicant must also execute a bond, with good security, to the Commonwealth of Kentucky, containing a covenant that the arms shall be safely kept, and shall be returned to the State arsenal, at Frankfort, at the expiration of five years or sooner, if the company shall be previously dissolved; and the county judge must also certify the person or persons offered as surety in the bond are good and sufficient to secure the performance of said covenant, or to answer for its breach.

9. The arms and munitions of war which now belong to the State of Kentucky, and all that may be purchased or procured under the provisions of this act, shall be subject to the control and disposition of said board. The State arsenal shall also be under its exclusive control and management.

10. The arms and munitions of war shall be distributed between the State Guards and the Home Guards, in such proportion as said board shall deem right and proper. A part of the money borrowed may be used for the purpose of having the Active Militia suitably trained.

11. The militia now organized, as well as that which may be hereafter organized as State Guards, shall be required, both officers and men, to take an oath to support the Constitution of the United States, and the Constitution of the State of Kentucky, in the form prescribed by the constitution of this State; and any person or persons in said State Guards, who shall refuse to take this oath, shall be dismissed from the service by the officer in command. And if any officer shall permit a company to be mustered into service as part of the Active Militia of the State, without conforming to this requisition, he shall be deemed guilty of a military offense, and shall likewise be dismissed from the service, by a court-martial, which shall be called for that purpose.

12. The Commissioners appointed by this act, before they enter upon the discharge of their duties, are required to take an oath to support the Constitution of the United States, and the Constitution of this State, and that they will faithfully execute the provisions of this act to the best of their ability. Each of said Commissioners who act under this appointment, shall be paid out of the money borrowed aforesaid, the sum of twelve hundred dollars per annum, payable at quarters, as a compensation for their services. And they are hereby authorized to act under this appointment for the term of two years, unless, in the meantime, their services shall be dispensed with by an act of the Legislature.

13. This act shall take effect from its passage.

LEAVES GRANTED.

Mr. ROUSSEAU—A bill better to secure the collection of the State revenue: referred to the Finance committee.

Same—A bill better to secure the execution of the criminal laws: referred to the Judiciary committee.

Mr. ALEXANDER—A bill to prevent the destruction of fish in Russell's creek: referred to a select committee.

Mr. BARRICK—A bill to amend the charter of Glasgow: Judiciary.

Mr. WALKER—A bill to amend the execution laws: select committee.

Same—A bill to amend the limitation laws: Revised Statutes.

Mr. IRVAN—A bill for the benefit of M. H. Egner: Judiciary.

A MESSAGE FROM THE HOUSE.

Was received, by the Assistant Clerk, announcing the passage of sundry bills which originated in that House, in which they request the concurrence of the Senate.

Mr. GILLIS reported sundry bills correctly enrolled, and they were signed by the SPEAKER and sent to the Governor for his approval and signature.

REPORTS RESUMED.

Mr. JENKINS—select committee—A bill to change the boundaries of the city of Columbus: passed.

Mr. PENNEBAKER—Revised Statutes—A bill to amend the charter of Louisville. [Repeals act of March, 1861, forbidding issue of warrants when there is no money in the treasury:] passed.

LEAVE GRANTED.

Mr. BARRICK—A bill to provide for the payment of the money borrowed of the banks of Kentucky by the Governor: referred to Finance committee.

ORDERS OF THE DAY.

A bill to prevent the destruction of fish in Dix river or Hanging Fork: passed.

A bill in relation to the tolls on the Wilderness road, in Knox county: referred to committee on Internal Improvement.

A bill to change the line of Laurel and Rockcastle counties: referred to the committee on Propositions and Grievances.

A bill in relation to the town of Frankfort: passed.

A bill to change the line of the Williamsburg district, in Whitley county: passed.

A bill to change the place of voting in district No. 7, in Monroe county: passed.

A bill to charter the Louisville, Pittsburg, Nashville, St. Louis and Tennessee River Pilots Association: referred to the Judiciary committee.

A bill for the benefit of D. A. Houseman, of Graves county: referred to Finance committee.

A bill to amend the act of May 20th, for final adjournment was taken up, and made special order for 10 o'clock on Saturday, the 18th instant.

UNFINISHED REPORT OF A SELECT COMMITTEE.

The Senate resumed the consideration of the unfinished report of a select committee, being

A bill to fix the time for the meeting of the next Legislature.

The pending question was to strike out the 1st Monday in September, and it was rejected by the following vote:

YEAS.—Mr. Speaker (Porter), Messrs. Anthony, Barrick, Bales, Chambers, Darnaby, Davidson, Gibson, Glenn, Grover, Grundy, Irvan, Jenkins, Johnson, McBrayer, Rhea, Rust—17.

NAYS.—Messrs. Alexander, Andrews, Bruner, Cosby, DeHaven, Denny, Fisk, Gillis, Haycraft, Marshall, Pennabaker, Prall, Read, Rousseau, Simpson, Taylor, Wait, Walker, Walton—19.

The bill was then passed by the following vote:

YEAS.—Messrs. Alexander, Andrews, Bruner, Cosby, DeHaven, Denny, Fisk, Gillis, Haycraft, Marshall, Pennabaker, Prall, Read, Rousseau, Simpson, Taylor, Wait, Walker, Walton, Whitaker—20.

NAYS.—Mr. Speaker (Porter), Messrs. Anthony, Barrick, Bales, Chambers, Cissell, Darnaby, Davidson, Gibson, Glenn, Grover, Grundy, Irvan, Jenkins, Johnson, McBrayer, Rhea, Rust—18.

PETITION.

Mr. MARSHALL presented a petition of a large number of citizens of Bracken county against secession: referred to the committee on Federal Relations.

The Senate, having disposed of all the business on the Clerk's table, Adjourned at 11 o'clock.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

THURSDAY, May 9, 1861.

Prayer by the Rev. J. M. Lancaster, of the Catholic church.

The reading of the journal of yesterday was dispensed with.

MEMORIALS.

Mr. TEVIS presented a memorial from 750 ladies of Louisville, praying that Kentucky may be permitted to maintain an armed neutrality.

Mr. BUCKNER presented the memorial of 114 ladies of Hustonsville, upon the same subject, both of which were referred to the committee on Federal Relations.

BILLS PRESENTED.

Mr. RITTER—A bill for the benefit of T. H. Winn, of Barren county: passed.

Mr. BURTON—A bill to amend the charter of the Louisville and Nashville railroad: referred to the committee on Ways and Means.

Mr. THOMSON—A bill for the benefit of H. G. Poston: referred to the committee on Finance.

Mr. HUSBANDS—A bill for the benefit of schools in the city of Paducah: passed.

Mr. McKEE—A bill for the benefit of the assessor of Anderson county: referred to committee on Claims.

Mr. J. W. WHITE—A bill to incorporate the Mt. Sterling and Spencer creek turnpike company: passed.

Mr. FINN—A bill to amend the act creating the office of police judge and town marshal in the town of Franklin, Simpson county: passed.

SPECIAL ORDER.

The House then took up the Senate bill to legalize the suspension of specie payment by the banks of Kentucky: passed—yeas, 56; nays, 33.

PETITION.

Mr. TEVIS presented the petition of the sheriff of Jefferson county: referred to the committee on Ways and Means.

SHERIFFS.

Mr. WM. JOHNSON—Ways and Means—A bill for the benefit of the present and late sheriffs of this State. [Allowed until the first of September, 1861, to pay in revenue; to pay monthly collections; to pay interest at the rate of 6 per cent. from the 15th of January, 1861, until the revenue is paid; sheriff to file affidavit with the Auditor that he has not used funds belonging to the State for private purposes, since the 15th of January, 1861.]

Mr. LEACH moved to amend the bill by striking out that part of the bill in relation to using funds of the State for individual purposes, and inserting the following:

Provided, That the Sheriff shall make oath that he has paid in the full amount collected up to the 15th of January, 1861: adopted.

The bill was then rejected—yeas, 36; nays, 50.

BILL PRESENTED.

Mr. GAITHER—A bill supplemented to the act authorizing the suspension of specie payments by the banks of this State. [Banks not to incur penalties in charters for refusing to redeem notes:] passed.

FEDERAL RELATIONS.

Mr. HODGE, from the committee on Federal Relations, made the following report, viz:

A majority of your committee, consisting of Messrs. JOHNSON, WOLFE, CARLISLE, LYNE, GOWDY, JACOB, and BUCKNER, recommend the passage of the following preamble and resolution:

Considering the deplorable condition of the country, and for which the State of Kentucky is in no way responsible, and looking to the best interests of the internal peace, and to secure the lives, liberty, and property of the citizens of the State; therefore,

Resolved by the House of Representatives, That this State, and the citizens thereof, should take no part in the civil war now being waged, except as mediators and friends to the belligerent parties; and that Kentucky should, during the contest, occupy the position of strict neutrality.

And your committee unanimously recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

Resolved, That the act of the Governor in refusing to furnish troops, or military force, upon the call of the Executive authority of the United States, under existing circumstances, is approved.

GED. B. HODGE, Chairman.

Mr. TEVIS moved the previous question: adopted—yeas, 48; nays, 45.

A division of the question was asked. The first resolution was adopted—yeas, 69; nays, 26.

When the name of Mr. HITT, of Carroll, was called, leaving being granted to explain, he said: Believing that the neutrality law would require an armed neutrality to maintain it, and that an armed neutrality meant that the State should be armed to the teeth; and, furthermore, that it would require that Kentucky should furnish neither men nor money in sustaining this infamous war of Lincoln's, he voted aye.

The second resolution was then adopted—yeas, 80; nays, 4.

Mr. HARRISON offered the following as a substitute for the preamble:

WHEREAS, The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, have asserted strict neutrality to be the position desirable for the State to occupy in the present contest between the Federal Government and the seceding States—therefore,

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, That this position will be maintained with sincerity and honor by the State, and that the parties engaged in the present fratricidal war should respect the neutrality, and that Kentucky cannot with honor to itself submit to armed force, hostile to this neutrality, invading her soil. That Kentucky asks and will defend her rights of friendly intercourse and trade with both sections, hereby denying, and intending to deny, to the Federal Government and the Confederate States the right or authority, by force or otherwise, to take possession of and hold the property of private corporations on any territory within her borders, for any purpose or on any pretence whatever.

That a copy of the resolutions passed by this General Assembly, asserting the neutral position of the State, and approving the course of Gov. Magoffin, in refusing troops to participate in this conflict, together with a copy of these resolutions, be forwarded by the Governor to the Executive of the Federal Government and the Confederate States, respectfully requesting the proper authority, in the event of any conflict, to respect the neutrality of Kentucky.

Mr. McELROY moved the previous question.

Mr. BURNAM moved that the preamble and substitute be laid on the table.

The question being made, the SPEAKER decided the motion in order, as the previous question had not been yet sustained.

The main question was ordered.

The vote was then taken on laying the preamble and substitute on the table, and it was decided in the negative—yeas, 47; nays, 48.

The vote was then taken on the adoption of the substitute of Mr. HARRISON for the preamble, and it was rejected—yeas, 47; nays, 48.

The original preamble was then adopted—yeas, 82; nays, 0.

Mr. BURNAM moved to reconsider the votes adopting the preamble and resolutions.

Mr. DOBYNS moved an adjournment: rejected—yeas, 26; nays, 59.

Mr. THOMSON moved to lay the motion to reconsider on the table: adopted—yeas, 50; nays, 44.

The House then adjourned.

The editor of the Journal wants the Governor's permission to furnish that reply to the Confederate States, which the Governor, unfortunately, did not reserve. The Journal ought to furnish the Governor a copy. The latter feels awkward about the matter, and would like to give the Senate the information desired. We insist that the editor furnish the Governor a copy, as a matter of courtesy.—*Low Dem.*

Mr. BUCKNER presented the memorial of 114 ladies of Hustonsville, upon the same subject, both of which were referred to the committee on Federal Relations.

Mr. FINN—A bill to amend the act creating the office of police judge and town marshal in the town of Franklin, Simpson county: passed.

Mr. LEACH moved to amend the bill by striking out that part of the bill in relation to using funds of the State for individual purposes, and inserting the following:

Provided, That the Sheriff shall make oath that he has paid in the full amount collected up to the 15th of January, 1861: adopted.

The bill was then rejected—yeas, 36; nays, 50.

When the name of Mr. HITT, of Carroll, was called, leaving being granted to explain, he said: Believing that the neutrality law would require an armed neutrality to maintain it, and that an armed neutrality meant that the State should be armed to the teeth; and, furthermore, that it would require that Kentucky should furnish neither men nor money in sustaining this infamous war of Lincoln's, he voted aye.

The second resolution was then adopted—yeas, 80; nays, 4.

Mr. HARRISON offered the following as a substitute for the preamble:

WHEREAS, The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, have asserted strict neutrality to be the position desirable for the State to occupy in the present contest between the Federal Government and the seceding States—therefore,

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, That this position will be maintained with sincerity and honor by the State, and that the parties engaged in the present fratricidal war should respect the neutrality, and that Kentucky cannot with honor to itself submit to armed force, hostile to this neutrality, invading her soil. That Kentucky asks and will defend her rights of friendly intercourse and trade with both sections, hereby denying, and intending to deny, to the Federal Government and the Confederate States the right or authority, by force or otherwise, to take possession of and hold the property of private corporations on any territory within her borders, for any purpose or on any pretence whatever.

That a copy of the resolutions passed by this General Assembly, asserting the neutral position of the State, and approving the course of Gov. Magoffin, in refusing troops to participate in this conflict, together with a copy of these resolutions, be forwarded by the Governor to the Executive of the Federal Government and the Confederate States, respectfully requesting the proper authority, in the event of any conflict, to respect the neutrality of Kentucky.

Mr. McELROY moved the previous question.

Mr. BURNAM moved that the preamble and substitute be laid on the table.

The question being made, the SPEAKER decided the motion in order, as the previous question had not been yet sustained.

The main question was ordered.

The vote was then taken on laying the preamble and substitute on the table, and it was decided in the negative—yeas, 47; nays, 48.

The vote was then taken on the adoption of the substitute of Mr. HARRISON for the preamble, and it was rejected—yeas, 47; nays, 48.

The original preamble was then adopted—yeas, 82; nays, 0.

Mr. BURNAM moved to reconsider the votes adopting the preamble and resolutions.

Mr. DOBYNS moved an adjournment: rejected—yeas, 26; nays, 59.

Mr. THOMSON moved to lay the motion to reconsider on the table: adopted—yeas, 50; nays, 44.

The House then adjourned.

The editor of the Journal wants the Governor's permission to furnish that reply to the Confederate States, which the Governor, unfortunately, did not reserve. The Journal ought to furnish the Governor a copy. The latter feels awkward about the matter, and would like to give the Senate the information desired. We insist that the editor furnish the Governor a copy, as a matter of courtesy.—*Low Dem.*

Mr. BUCKNER presented the memorial of 114 ladies of Hustonsville, upon the same subject, both of which were referred to the committee on Federal Relations.

Mr. FINN—A bill to amend the act creating the office of police judge and town marshal in the town of Franklin, Simpson county: passed.

Mr. LEACH moved to amend the bill by striking out that part of the bill in relation to using funds of the State for individual purposes, and inserting the following:

Provided, That the Sheriff shall make oath that he has paid in the full amount collected up to the 15th of January, 1861: adopted.

The bill was then rejected—yeas, 36; nays, 50.

When the name of Mr. HITT, of Carroll, was called, leaving being granted to explain, he said: Believing that the neutrality law would require an armed neutrality to maintain it, and that an armed neutrality meant that the State should be armed to the teeth; and, furthermore, that it would require that Kentucky should furnish neither men nor money in sustaining this infamous war of Lincoln's, he voted aye.

The second resolution was then adopted—yeas, 80; nays, 4.

Mr. HARRISON offered the following as a substitute for the preamble:

WHEREAS, The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, have asserted strict neutrality to be the position desirable for the State to occupy in the present contest between the Federal Government and the seceding States—therefore,

Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, That this position will be maintained with sincerity and honor by the State, and that the parties engaged in the present fratricidal war should respect the neutrality, and that Kentucky cannot with honor to itself submit to armed force, hostile to this neutrality, invading her soil. That Kentucky asks and will defend her rights of friendly intercourse and trade with both sections, hereby denying, and intending to deny, to the Federal Government and the Confederate States the right or authority, by force or otherwise, to take possession of and hold the property of private corporations on any territory within her borders, for any purpose or on any pretence whatever.

That a copy of the resolutions passed by this General Assembly, asserting the neutral position of the State, and approving the course of Gov. Magoffin, in refusing troops to participate in this conflict, together with a copy of these resolutions, be forwarded by the Governor to the Executive of the Federal Government and the Confederate States, respectfully requesting the proper authority, in the event of any conflict, to respect the neutrality of Kentucky.

Mr. McELROY moved the previous question.

Mr. BURNAM moved that the preamble and substitute be laid on the table.

The question being made, the SPEAKER decided the motion in order, as the previous question had not been yet sustained.

The main question was ordered.

The vote was then taken on laying the preamble and substitute on the table, and it was decided in the negative—yeas, 47; nays, 48.

THE COMMONWEALTH.

FRANKFORT.

J. H. JOHNSON, Editor.

FRIDAY, MAY 17, 1861.

DAILY SESSION COMMONWEALTH.

TERMS—FIFTY CENTS PER MONTH. If any person should pay for a longer time than the session continues, the *Tri-weekly Commonwealth* will be sent long enough to make it up.

The TRI-WEEKLY COMMONWEALTH is published at FOUR DOLLARS per year, or FORTY CENTS per month.

The WEEKLY COMMONWEALTH is Two DOLLARS per year.

The DAILY COMMONWEALTH can be had at the counting-room at FIVE CENTS per single copy, or at THREE DOLLARS per hundred. Orders should be left at the office, or with the reporters, on the day before the publication of the particular number of the paper which is wanted.

Gratitude.

We are grateful to V. Rose, the Express agent on the Louisville and Lexington Railroad, for a number of the Charleston Mercury, of a late date.

The Mercury is full of gratitude. Of course we cannot find space for all of its grateful paragraphs, but we give a few, just to show how well informed and judicious are the editors, statesmen, &c., of "the Confederate States of America."

ITEM 1. We are gratified to learn that the Rhett Guards are now full:

Captain—A. Burnett Rhett.
First Lieutenant—G. Washington Rhett.
Second Lieutenant—B. Arnold Rhett.
Third Lieutenant—W. Phillips Rhett.
First Sergeant—A. Burr Rhett.
Second Sergeant—G. Whilkens Rhett.
Third Sergeant—P. Pickens Rhett.
Fourth Sergeant—A. Moultrie Rhett.
Fifth Sergeant—Some W. Rhett.
Corporals and—A Quantity (of) Rhetts.

ITEM 2. We are gratified to learn that Lincoln has the delirium tremens.

ITEM 3. We are gratified to announce that there is every prospect of a bread riot in New York.

ITEM 4. We are gratified to learn that a great many Rhett's have joined the Confederate army.

ITEM 5. We are gratified to learn that Senator Hammond has invented a gas-gun, which hurls a projectile, weighing 17½ tons, 23 hundred miles, with great precision and destruction. He will bombard New York next week.

ITEM 6. We are gratified to learn that the effects of Lincoln's blockade are already manifest among the Yankees. Cotton is not to be had at any price. Cotton soup is discontinued at Delmonicos on account of the blockade.

ITEM 7. We are gratified to learn that the people of New England are starving. Old cotton bed quilts are eagerly denounced by the hungry mob. Those who feast on their covering die of cold the next day.

ITEM 8. We are gratified to learn that southern genius is fairly aroused. We are determined to be independent of the Yankees. Yesterday H. Theophilus Rhett exhibited a patent for making pure northern ice, eight inches thick. It is as cold as a southern sun can make it. The Yankees will starve to death if we blockade their ice trade.

ITEM 9. We are gratified to learn that our talented fellow-citizen, Z. Wigfall Rhett, has invented a plan for furnishing governesses of approved pattern. This will relieve us of a hitherto great dependence upon the Yankees.

ITEM 10. We are gratified to learn that our brilliant fellow townsman, Q. Uriah Rhett, has discovered a process by which alligators oil can be converted into butter in half a minute. This is a heavy blow upon Lincoln's blockade.

LONG MAY IT WAVE!—Our city is becoming decorated with flags—with the stars and stripes we mean—and not pelicans or rattlesnakes. Numbers of our citizens have given the old banner to the breeze, and the fingers of fair ones are busy plugging the needle, stitching together the red, white and blue. It is truly refreshing that as the cloud hangs heavier, and the storm gathers thicker, to see the patriotism and loyalty of Kentucky grow the stronger, and witness the firm determination of her gallant sons to carry the flag, and keep step to the music of the Union. Frankfort is all right. Go on, ye lovers of your country, deck your house tops and your trees with the ensign of your fathers, and unite in the rallying song—

"American freemen! hand to hand,
A bulwark to guard it well shall stand—
God save the flag of our native land."

It is reported that the secessionists have removed the remains of George Washington from Mt. Vernon. We don't blame them. They have no power over his better part, and had better seize and occupy his ashes. They are all that they will ever see of G. W., for he has gone to that place where secessionists have been unpopular since the first of the tribe, (Col. Satan), was kicked out.

TO THE LADIES.—Any of our lady friends who wish them, can get a few French flower seeds, with long botanical names, by application at this office to Geo. W. Lewis. These seeds are sent out by the United States Patent office.

THE OWEN WAR.—We publish in this issue a letter from a prominent citizen of Owen, to his friend in this place. It gives a true version of the affair.

Letters to Gov. Magoffin.

FRANKFORT, May 11th, 1861.

HON. B. MAGOFFIN, Governor of Kentucky:
DEAR SIR:—I herewith enclose a petition, signed by sundry citizens of Larue county, praying your Excellency to issue a proclamation forbidding the marching of armed bodies of men across Kentucky, to attack the troops of the United States, stationed at Cairo.

The citizens, whose names are appended to the petition, are among the most respectable and valued men of the county. They are patriotic men; they are brave men; they prize their country and its glorious institutions; they would lay down their lives in its defense; they would preserve the Union of these States as the most precious heritage that ever descended from sire to son. Their souls revolt at the contemplation of civil war; they pray God that the country may be saved the horrors of civil war. You have, to a great extent, the power to avert a conflict which is impending between the people of the border States. I, as the representative of the people who petition you, pray you, by every consideration of patriotism that could actuate the Chief Executive of a great State, to exercise that influence for the peace and safety of the country; and, to this end, I pray you to grant the prayers of the petitioners.

Very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
N. A. RAPIER.

DAWSON, LARUE CO. KY.,
May 4th, 1861.

To B. MAGOFFIN, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:

It is asserted and believed that a body of armed men have in contemplation to march through a portion of the State, to make an attack upon troops encamped, by authority of the United States, at Cairo, in the State of Illinois. Whether this be absolutely certain or not, we are not able to say. Considering passing events, and the feeling between the North and South, this seems likely to occur. Therefore, in view of this probability, and the terrible consequences that might flow from such an act, we earnestly request your Excellency to issue a proclamation, forbidding the passage of such armed body of citizens over the soil of Kentucky.

During the canvass last fall, says the Louisville Democrat, after Yancey had passed through the State, the Bell Committee here issued a circular, giving a part of the record of said Yancey, showing that his design was to break up this Union. The record was conclusive, and so comes the appeal to the people from the committee. It is signed by B. J. Adams, Jesse K. Bell, Blanton Duncan, Thos. H. Hunt, and James P. Chambers.

People of Kentucky! you have thus placed before you the record of W. L. Yancey, who is now the recognized and almost worshipped leader of the Breckinridge party—are you prepared to follow his lead and plunge into discord and civil war? Are you prepared to meet and endure the multiplied horrors that are the inevitable result of his treasonable teachings? Are you prepared to see the States now so happily united "dissevered, discordant, belligerent, and drenched with fraternal blood?" Answer to the polls.

B. J. ADAMS, BLANTON DUNCAN,
JESSE K. BELL, THOS. H. HUNT,
JAMES P. CHAMBERS.

After the above was in type, we learn that in his recent speech at Springfield, Ky., Mr. Yancey used this language: "Three States will secede. I desire to induce Kentucky to support Breckinridge. If she does, her delegates will be received in the Southern Convention. People of Kentucky! spurn the traitor and his traitorous appeal."

Was this exhortation sound when published, and not sound now? Is it any better now to follow Yancey's lead, and plunge into disunion and civil war? (The italics and capitals are their own.) Are the inevitable results of "treasonable teachings" less horrible now than they were then? Are States, dissevered, discordant, belligerent, and drenched with fraternal blood, any better spectacle now than then? The committee can't lead the election of Lincoln to justify a charge; for they make it a point on Yancey that he favored secession, if Lincoln were elected. Spurn the traitor and his traitorous appeal, say the committee. Let the committee and their friends, who have gone after Yancey, if any there be, just see what they were and what they are. How low they have fallen!

We never have been in favor of destroying this Government, and since we have witnessed the deplorable failure of secession in all its various branches, we are more impressed with the blessings of the old United States Government than ever. The man who has attentively watched the progress of secession; who has seen its blighting effects upon every industrial interest, and upon the morals of society where it is tolerated; and now desires to plunge Kentucky into such a whirlpool of desolation, is either a weak fool or a traitor.

We have been requested by Mr. Crittenden to say to the people of this Congressional District, that whilst he is deeply sensible of the many kind and urgent solicitations made to him from various parts of the District, and will always cherish a grateful remembrance of them, still that he is unwilling to be considered as a candidate for Congress at the ensuing election.

COL. W. W. PENNY.—We publish, in this number, a very flattering call upon this gentleman to become a candidate for the Senate from the counties of Woodford, Anderson, and Franklin. We hope that Mr. Penny will acquiesce in the wishes of his friends. We pledge him a majority from this county.

See De Kay, the valorous correspondent for the Louisville Courier that the message of our Governor was "received with three cheers" by the Kentucky troops now in the service of Jeff. Davis. We should not wonder.

Letter from Owen.

OWEN, KY., May 13, 1861.

Dear Sir: I understand that Frankfort, on last Thursday morning, was in a state of great commotion and excitement, arising from the report that there was an armed band of negroes ravaging the country along the valley of Eagle Creek, in Owen county. I have no doubt that this matter, ridiculous as it is and was, has found its way into the papers, and is producing its legitimate fruit. The whole thing, from my information, (which is reliable,) had its origin in the neighborhood of Lushy's Mills, on Eagle Creek. A man of the neighborhood had business at a tanyard, not far distant, and went there on foot, taking his gun on his shoulder, and on his route passed in sight of the house occupied by the family of the tanner. The old lady, (who is exceedingly timid and nervous,) saw him, and was at once filled with alarm, and in all due haste went to the house of a near neighbor, and there told that she had seen a negro armed with a gun, &c., and that there was a large number of them, she had no doubt, armed in a similar way in the woods, and that their object was to slay and pillage. This was enough. In a marvelously short time, that whole region of country was in a state of the wildest excitement, and by half past 3 o'clock in the evening, the information was received in Owen that there was from three to five hundred free negroes, headed by white men, all fully armed, who were passing through the county, along the valley of Eagle, in the vicinity of Lushy's Mills, and were slaying all that came in their way, without regard to age, sex, or condition. I write that you may have the truth in regard to this thing.

Yours truly, B.

We clip the following from the Frankfort correspondence of the Cincinnati Commercial:

The approaching Congressional election is beginning to excite some attention. The secessionists have, I believe, wisely concluded not to nominate. The grapes are adullous, and they are seized with sudden convulsions of scruples as to the propriety of State Rights men sitting in a Lincoln Congress. The Union men will only have to select their candidates, and trot them gently over the course. As a suitable representative of the Tenth (Covington) District, Thornton F. Marshall of Brecken, is generally spoken of here. Mr. Marshall's early and decided stand for the Union, in the face of the clamorous protests of his former political associates—his able, active, and unflinching advocacy of the Union cause through a long and arduous contest, entitle him to the gratitude of every lover of his country. I do not know that Mr. Marshall desires the nomination which will doubtless be tendered him, but it is the wish of his friends about the Capital that he may be induced to accept.

We are not advised of Mr. Marshall's desires, but we can attest to the fact that the Union men of the Legislature desire Mr. Marshall to make the race.

A Spirited Union Paper.

If the pen be mightier than the sword, we should not fail to appreciate the heroism of those who fight with that weapon in the midst of powerful enemies of the Union and the Constitution; and such a hero is the editor of the Frankfort (Ky.) Commonwealth, a little but most determined defender of the National Government, at the Capital of Kentucky. At every point, it pours volleys of hot shot and shells into the ranks of the bold and treacherous advocates of secession. At the present time the brave old Commonwealth of Kentucky is most critically situated. There can be no doubt that a vast majority of her people are true to the stars and stripes, under which they have gained so much glory; but the Governor and other influential State officers are working to drive the State out of the Union. It is like a good ship, manned with a faithful and courageous crew whose pilot is treacherous, and bent on steering her upon the rocks at the first opportunity. Not only are those who have the affairs of the State in their hands striving to push her into the abyss of destruction which is yawning to receive her; but Kentucky is undoubtedly filled with members of that secret, oath-bound traitor order, who have banded themselves together to destroy the Union, and whose fastidious tools pervade every part of the country. Surrounded thus by concealed as well as powerful open enemies, it requires no small amount of courage and patriotism, to expose the nefarious schemes of those in power, and to unmask the knaves who have plotted the destruction of the liberty of the people.

There are others similarly situated in the different border States, engaged in the same manly and patriotic battle for the integrity of the Republic, which deserve equal praise; but we have had occasion frequently to notice the vigorous and energetic manner in which the Commonwealth "goes into" the half-faced as well as the more open advocates of the rebel Confederacy. We live in times which try the souls of men, and all those who make a manly fight for the institutions and the flag of our country, will, hereafter, meet the award which posterity will surely accord them, whether they have fought with the sword or the pen.

The course which the people of Kentucky will pursue in this struggle will have a mighty influence for good or for evil, and no portion of the Union has more at stake than she has. Her patriotic children have heretofore won many laurels, and it is fervently hoped that in this, the most fearful peril in which she has been placed, her loyal statesmen, soldiers, and editors will be able to weather the storm, in despite of the treachery at the helm.—Philadelphia News.

AN UNBORN SCOUNDREL.—A few days before the election for Border State Convention delegates, John C. Adams, County Judge of Greenup, sent notices to the different precincts of that county stating, that the Governor had issued a proclamation countermanding the order for the election and abrogating the act which gave it legality, and therefore he, by virtue of the authority reposed in him as County Judge of Greenup, ordered the election to be suppressed. This infamous attempt at more than regal authority so enraged the mountaineers that many of them immediately rode into Greenup for the purpose of hanging Adams, who, however, had obtained information of their intentions and saved his neck by a timely flight. If ever man deserved hanging Adams does.—Mayville Eagle.

State Treasurer.

We are requested to announce JAMES H. GARRARD, the present Treasurer, a candidate for re-election at the next August election.

Official Vote of Kentucky.

Total Presidential Vote.	Union Vote.	Dis'n Vote.
Adair.....	1107	1185
Allen.....	1140	1079
Anderson.....	1093	519
Ballard.....	1205	59
Barren.....	1881	1312
Bath.....	1715	.....
Boone.....	1849	1386
Bourbon.....	1753	930
Boyle.....	1082	855
Breckinridge.....	1775	1775
Breathitt.....	573	200
Brockinridge.....	1622	1195
Bullitt.....	993	971
Butler.....	945	1045
Caldwell.....	812	898
Calloway.....	1115	463
Campbell.....	1296	133
Carroll.....	2648	3033
Carter.....	1078	568
Cassidy.....	1074	899
Cassidy.....	927	1189
Christian.....	1834	1391
Clark.....	1411	1046
Clay.....	896	575
Clinton.....	711	690
Crittenden.....	1251	844
Cumberland.....	865	1033
Daviess.....	2265	1231
Edmonson.....	518	999
Elliott.....	1020	4
Fayette.....	2652	1589
Fleming.....	1836	1529
Floyd.....	673	.....
Franklin.....	1734	842
Gallatin.....	714	92
Gallup.....	837	432
Garrard.....	1091	1209
Grant.....	1498	1154
Graves.....	2025	.....
Grayson.....	1111	1155
Green.....	977	851
Greenup.....	1238	1400
Hancock.....	892	301
Hardin.....	2091	2016
Harrison.....	599	516
Hart.....	2320	862
Hart.....	1440	1445
Henderson.....	1560	1064
Henry.....	1837	1218
Hickman.....	1570	629
Hickman.....	969	318
Jackson.....	390	318
Jefferson.....	9565	9774
Jessamine.....	1202	839
Johnson.....	666	.....
Kenton.....	3536	3665
Knox.....	877	1037
Larue.....	886	1110
Laurel.....	773	587
Lawrence.....	958	.....
Letcher.....	373	289
Lewis.....	1111	1342
Lincoln.....	1119	1030
Livingston.....	996	238
Lyon.....	2004	908
Madison.....	746	93
Madison.....	2093	1334
Marion.....	1660	1165
Marshall.....	1080	.....
Martin.....	2377	2203
Meade.....	1242	.....
McLean.....	536	888
Meade.....	1122	853
Mercer.....	1926	1543
Meigs.....	1078	636
Monroe.....	963	1183
Morgan.....	965	.....
Muhlenburg.....	1253	1878
Murphy.....	488	260
Nelson.....	801	994
Nicholas.....	1683	1226
Nicholas.....	1705	1179
Ohio.....	1463	1765
Oldham.....	936	711
Owen.....	2042	.....
Owsley.....	808	610
Pendergast.....	1798	1357
Perry.....	425	.....
Powell.....	349	270
Pulaski.....	3096	1990
Randolph.....	801	265
Randolph.....	704	752
Rowan.....	338	752
Russell.....	775	708
Scott.....	1954	.....
Shelby.....	1998	1464
Simpson.....	915	.....
Spencer.....	732	602
Taylor.....	721	876
Todd.....	1067	887
Trigg.....	1447	422
Trimble.....	924	502
Union.....	1574	676
Warren.....	1926	1901
Washington.....	1219	1659
Wayne.....	1310	671
Whitley.....	858	915
Woodford.....	1196	.....
Wolfe.....	461	216
Webster.....	957	304
Total.....	146216	00000

Wm. W. Penny, Esq.

VERMILION, May 15, 1861.

Wm. W. PENNY, Esq.: Dear Sir:—You are aware that a Senator is to be elected to the State Legislature, from the counties of Woodford, Franklin, and Anderson, at the August election. By the common voice of the Union party of this county, you have been designated as the most suitable person for that office. We, therefore, citizens of Woodford county, and members of the Union party, cordially invite you to become a candidate for the office of Senator from the counties above mentioned.

Very truly, your friends,

J. E. Hinkins, Samuel S. Darneal,
A. L. Thornton, Taylor Oliver,
L. A. Berry, Will S. Cotton,
B. Cloak, W. W. Tryman,
H. H. Culbertson, J. Amsden,
B. Craig, Campbell C. Doggins,
Zeb. Ward, Wm. L. Graddy,
E. N. Berryman, T. C. Fitzhugh,
Lewis Sublett, Wm. W. George,
Henry Rowland, James P. Ford,
A. Buford, H. H. Ferguson,
Jas. Hurst, C. O. Smith,
Joel W. Tryman, John W. Harris,
Lee Atwell, John C. Richardson,
W. J. Steele, W. W. George, Jr.,
John K. Goodloe, J. W. Combs,
Nat. P. Porter, R. B. George,
S. Stone, L. B. Peters,
Wm. T. Stevenson, H. F. Lillard,
Nathaniel Stone, Geo. T. Hord,
R. B. Wilson, Thos. H. Jesse,
Wm. C. Wallace, D. P. Robb,
R. W. Seares, J. C. Hall,
R. L. Stevenson, Swift Darneal,
A. Viridet, C. A. Worstell,
S. E. Burton, C. E. Perrie,
Geo. W. Parrent, M. N. Hall,
T. W. Tryman, David Seacore,
John L. Cotton, C. G. Chinn,
Thomas Buford.

Proposals for Prison Burying Ground.

SEALED proposals will be received at the Governor's Office until the 25th of the present month for one acre of ground, suitable for a grave-yard, inclosed with a good, strong post-and-rail fence, with good, strong gate, with lock, &c. The lot must be near the city, accessible, free from stone near the surface, &c. Bids may also be offered for same quantity of ground inclosed with stone fence. By order of the Board.

May 16, 1861.—H. RODMAN, Sec'y.

Pay your Taxes and Save Ten per Cent!

THE Tax Book for the present year is now in the hands of John Baitzell, City Treasurer, to whom payments may be made, with a deduction of ten per cent., if made on or before the 25th day of June next.

By order of the Board,
JAS. W. BATCHELOR,
City Clerk.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

SPRING OF 1861.

Bargains! Bargains!!

NEW GOODS.

T. S. & J. R. PAGE

ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF THEIR USUAL ASSORTMENT OF

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

We offer, on account of the times, great inducements in prices and styles.

Bleached Muslins, full yard wide, 12½c.

do do do 8 & 10c.

Heavy 10-4, 11-4, and 12-4 bleached Shirtings;

Linen Shirtings;

Pillow-slip and Irish Linens;

Heavy plaid Cottons;

Heavy Cottons;

Laws; Organdies;

Black Challi and Alpaca;

Striped Mozambique;

Plain and twisted English Baregis;

Chambries;

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

Hosiery and Gloves; Lace and embroidered Col-

lars, and Laces of all kinds.

A large and beautiful assortment of Glass and

Queensware, cheap for cash.

GREAT INDUCEMENTS OFFERED

In Fancy Silks—10 per cent. below cost to close

out stock.

CLOTHES AND CASSIMERES;

HOOP SKIRTS AND CORSETS.

Call and examine for yourselves, and you will

have no need to visit cost houses for this season.

We are determined not to be undersold.

Heavy Brown Cottons always at 10 cents.

ap3 3m. T. S. & J. R. PAGE.

EDGAR KEENON.....J. L. GIBBONS.

AN ELEGANT STOCK OF

STRAW GOODS.

JUST OPENED BY

KEENON & GIBBONS.

DEALERS IN

BOOKS & STATIONERY,

Cephalic Pills

CURE Sick Headache

CURE Nervous Headache

CURE All kinds of Headache

By the use of these Pills the periodic attacks of Nervous or Sick Headache may be prevented; and if taken at the commencement of an attack, immediate relief from pain and sickness will be obtained.

They seldom fail in removing the Nausea and Headache to which females are so subject. They act gently upon the bowels—removing Constipation.

For Literary Men, Students, Delicate Females, and all persons of sedentary habits, they are valuable as a Laxative, improving the appetite, giving tone and vigor to the digestive organs, and restoring the natural elasticity and strength of the whole system.

The CEPHALIC PILLS are the result of long investigation and carefully conducted experiments, having been in use many years, during which time they have prevented and relieved a vast amount of pain and suffering from Headache, whether originating in the nervous system or from a deranged state of the stomach.

They are entirely vegetable in their composition, and may be taken at all times with perfect safety without making any change of diet, and the absence of any disagreeable taste renders it easy to administer them to children.

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS.
The genuine have five signatures of Henry C. Spalding on each box.
Sold by Druggists and other Dealers in Medicines.

A Box will be sent by mail prepaid on receipt of the PRICE, 25 CENTS.
All orders should be addressed to
HENRY C. SPALDING,
48 Cedar Street, New York.

THE FOLLOWING ENDORSEMENTS OF
Spalding's Cephalic Pills,
Will convince all who suffer from
HEADACHE,
That a Speedy and Sure Cure is Within their Reach.

As these Testimonials were solicited by Mr. Spalding, they afford unquestionable proof of the efficacy of this truly scientific discovery.

MASONVILLE, CONN., Feb. 5, 1861.
Mr. Spalding: Sir—I have tried your Cephalic Pills, and I like them so well that I want you to send me two boxes worth more.
Part of these are for the neighbors, to whom I gave a few out of the first box I got from you. Send the Pills by mail, and oblige
Your ob't servant, **JAMES KENNEDY.**

HAVERFORD, PA., Feb. 6, 1861.
Mr. Spalding: Sir—I wish you to send me one more box of your Cephalic Pills, I have received a great deal of benefit from them.
Yours respectfully,
MARY ANN STOKHOUSE.

SPRUCE CREEK, HUNTINGTON CO., PA.,
January 18, 1861.
H. C. Spalding: Sir—You will please send me two boxes of your Cephalic Pills. Send them immediately.
Respectfully yours,
JOHN B. SIMONS.

BELLE VERNON, OHIO, Jan. 15, 1861.
Henry C. Spalding, Esq.: Please send me enclosed twenty-five cents, for which send me another box of your Cephalic Pills. They are truly the best Pills I have ever tried.
Direct,
A. STOVER, P. M.,
Belle Vernon, Wyandot Co., O.

DEVERLY, MASS., Dec. 11, 1860.
H. C. Spalding, Esq.: I wish for some circulars or large show bills, to bring your Cephalic Pills more particularly before my customers. If you have anything of the kind, please send to me.
One of my customers, who is subject to severe Sick Headache (usually lasting two days), was cured of an attack in one hour by your Pills, which sent her.
Respectfully yours,
W. B. WILKES.

REYNOLDSBURG, FRANKLIN CO., OHIO,
January 9, 1861.
Henry C. Spalding, No. 43 Cedar St., N. Y.:
Dear Sir—Enclosed find twenty-five cents (25), for which send box of "Cephalic Pills." Send to address of Rev. William C. Filler, Reynoldsburg, Franklin county, Ohio.
Your Pills work like a charm—cure Headache almost instantly.
Truly yours,
WM. C. FILLER.

YPSILANTI, MICH., Jan. 14, 1861.
Mr. Spalding: Sir—Not long since I sent to you for a box of Cephalic Pills for the cure of the Nervous Headache and Constipation, and received the same, and they had so good an effect that I was induced to send for more.
Please send by return mail. Direct to
A. R. WHEELER, Ypsilanti, Mich.

From the Advertiser, Providence, R. I.
The Cephalic Pills are said to be a remarkably effective remedy for the headache, and one of the very best for that very frequent complaint which has ever been discovered.

A single bottle of SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE will save ten times its cost annually.

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!
SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!
SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE!

SAVE THE PIECES! DISPATCH!
"A STITCH IN TIME SAVES NINE."
As accidents will happen, even in well regulated families, it is very desirable to have some cheap and convenient way for repairing Furniture, Toys, Crockery, &c.

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE meets all such emergencies, and no household can afford to be without it. It is always ready, and up to the sticking point.

"USEFUL IN EVERY HOUSE."
N.B.—A Brush accompanies each Bot'l. Price, 25 cents.

HENRY C. SPALDING,
No. 48 Cedar street, New York.

CAUTION.
As certain unprincipled persons are attempting to palm off on the unsuspecting public imitations of my Prepared Glue, I would caution all persons to examine before purchasing, and see that the full name,

SPALDING'S PREPARED GLUE, is on the outside wrapper, all others are swindling counterfeiters.
mar11 w&twf.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

A compound remedy, designed to be the most effective Alternative that can be made. It is a concentrated extract of Para Sarsaparilla, so combined with other substances of still greater alternative power as to afford an effective antidote for the diseases Sarsaparilla is reputed to cure. It is believed that such a remedy is wanted by those who suffer from Strumous complaints, and that one which will accomplish their cure must prove of immense service to this large class of our afflicted fellow-citizens. How completely this compound will do it has been proven by experiment on many of the worst cases to be found of the following complaints:—

SCROFULA AND SCROFULOUS COMPLAINTS, Eruptions and Eruptive Diseases, ULCERS, PIMPLES, BLOTCHES, TUMORS, SALT RHEUM, SCALD HEAD, SYPHILIS AND SYPHILITIC AFFECTIONS, MERCURIAL DISEASE, DROPSY, NERVOUS AFFECTIONS, THE DANGEROUS DUMETRY, DYSENTERY AND INDIGESTION, ERYSIPELAS, ROSE OF ST. ANTHONY'S FIRE, and indeed the whole class of complaints arising from IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD.

This compound will be found a great promoter of health, when taken in the spring, to expel the foul humors which fester in the blood at that season of the year. By the timely expulsion of them many ranking disorders are nipped in the bud. Multitudes can, by the aid of this remedy, spare themselves from the endurance of foul eruptions and ulcerous sores, through which the system will strive to rid itself of corruptions, if not assisted to do so through the natural channels of the body by an alternative medicine. Cleanse out the vitiated blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in pimples, eruptions, or sores; cleanse it when you find it is obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Even when no particular disorder is felt, people enjoy better health, and live longer, for cleansing the blood. Keep the blood healthy, and all is well; but with this purgative of life disordered, there can be no lasting health. Sooner or later something must go wrong, and the great machinery of life is disordered or overthrown.

Sarsaparilla has, and deserves much, the reputation of accomplishing these ends. But the world has been egregiously deceived by preparations of it, partly because the drug alone has not all the virtues that is claimed for it, but more because many preparations, pretending to be concentrated extracts of it, contain but little of the virtue of Sarsaparilla, or any thing else.

During late years the public have been misled by large bottles, pretending to give a quart of Extract of Sarsaparilla for one dollar. Most of these have been frauds upon the sick, for they not only contain little, if any, Sarsaparilla, but often no curative properties whatever. Hence, bitter and painful diseases have followed the use of the various extracts of Sarsaparilla which flood the market, until the name itself is justly despised, and has become synonymous with imposition and cheat. Still we call this compound Sarsaparilla, and intend to supply such a remedy as shall rescue the name from the load of obloquy which rests upon it. And we think we have ground for believing it has virtues which are irresistible by the ordinary run of the diseases it is intended to cure. In order to secure their complete eradication from the system, the remedy should be judiciously taken according to directions on the bottle.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO.,
LOWELL, MASS.
Price, \$1 per Bottle; Six Bottles for \$5.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

has won for itself such a renown for the cure of every variety of Throat and Lung Complaint, that it is entirely unnecessary for us to recount the evidence of its virtues, wherever it has been employed. As it has long been in constant use throughout this section, we need not do more than assure the people its quality is kept up to the best it ever has been, and that it may be relied on to do for their relief all that has ever been found to do.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

FOR THE CURE OF

Costiveness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Dysentery, Poul Stomach, Erysipelas, Headache, Piles, Rheumatism, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Tetters, Tumors and Salt Rheum, Worms, Gout, Neuralgia, as a Dinner Pill, and for purifying the Blood.

They are sugar-coated, so that the most sensitive can take them pleasantly, and they are the best aperient in the world for all the purposes of a family physic.

Price 25 cents per Box; Five boxes for \$1.00.

Great numbers of Clergymen, Physicians, Statesmen, and eminent persons, have lent their names to certify the unparalleled usefulness of these remedies, but our space here will not permit the insertion of them. The Agents below named furnish gratis our AMERICAN ALMANAC in which they are given; with also full descriptions of the above complaints, and the treatment that should be followed for their cure.

Do not be put off by unprincipled dealers with other preparations they make more profit on. Demand AYER'S, and take no others. The sick want the best aid there is for them, and they should have it.

All our remedies are sent to—
For sale by J. M. MILLS and W. H. AVERILL, Frankfort, and by all Druggists.

R. A. ROBINSON & CO., Louisville, Ky.,
April 23, 1861—ly. General Agents.

FINE FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING!

J. C. MANDEVILLE & CO.

ARE now receiving a fine stock of Gentlemen's Clothing, made in the very latest Fall styles. Also, a fine assortment of Furnishing Goods, made expressly for J. C. MANDEVILLE & CO.

No. 227 Main, above Third Street.
N. B.—Large size Garments of all styles.
September 19, 1860—w&twf.

Samuel's New Establishment!

HENRY SAMUEL, BARBER AND HAIR DRESSER, is happy to inform his friends and the public that he is again established in comfortable and commodious rooms, and ready to attend to all who may give him a call. His new establishment is in the building Col. Hodges, on St. Clair street. He solicits public patronage, and hopes that his old friends and customers especially, who patronized him before the late fire, will now find their way back to his shop.

March 12, 1855—ly.

Confectionaries, Fruits, Nuts, &c., for Christmas and New Year.

GRAY & TODD have now on hand the largest assortment of
Cakes, Candies, Fruits, Nuts, &c.,
Ever before offered in this market, which they will dispose of Cheap. Every one desiring anything in their line for Christmas and New Year, will make money by giving them a call, as they are determined to sell.

COLORING.

GENTLEMEN can have their Whiskers, Goatees, Moustache or Imperial colored in the highest style of the art, by calling at
Jan. 8, 1860. **SAMUEL'S BARBER SHOP.**

25 BBL'S 3 year Old Whisky, at \$2 per gallon.

made by D. Swigert, and for sale by
mar4 **W. H. KEENE.**

HOT AND COLD BATHS

TO be had, day and night, at
SAMUEL'S BARBER SHOP.
Feb. 8, 1860.

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S AROMATIC SCHNAPPS

TONIC, DIURETIC, ANTI-DYSPEPTIC, AND INVIGORATING CORDIAL

WOLFE'S CELEBRATED SCHNAPPS AROMATIC SCHNAPPS should be kept in every family. It invariably corrects the ill effects of change of weather, and as a beverage it is the purest Liquor made in the world.

Put up in pint and quart bottles. Also—
UDOLPHO WOLFE'S Pure Cognac Brandy.

Imported and Bottled by himself, warranted pure, and the best quality, with his certificate on the bottle, and his seal on the cork.

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S Pure Port Wine.
Imported and bottled by himself, put up for medicinal use, with his certificate on the bottle; warranted pure and the best quality.

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S Pure Sherry Wine.
Imported and bottled by himself, the same as the Port Wine.

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S Pure Madeira Wine.
Imported and bottled by himself for private and medicinal use; the best Wine ever offered for sale to the trade in bottles. This Wine is warranted perfectly pure.

UDOLPHO WOLFE'S Pure Jamaica Rum.
ST. CROIX MIN. SCOTCH IRISH WHISKY.
All the above imported and bottled by himself, warranted pure and the best quality.

TO THE PUBLIC.
I will stake my reputation as a man, my standing as a merchant of thirty years' residence in New York, that what I pledge and testify to with my seal, my label, and my certificate, is correct, and can be relied upon by every purchaser.

Physicians who use Wine and Liquors in their practice should give the preference to these articles.

For sale by all respectable Druggists and Apothecaries.

UDOLPHO WOLFE.
Sole Manufacturer and Importer of Schiedam Aromatic Schnapps, No. 22, Beaver Street, N. Y.
Gray & Todd, Agents,
mar22 w&twf **FRANKFORT, KY.**

NEW ALBANY AND SALEM RAILROAD.

Short Line Route to the North & West.

THROUGH TO CHICAGO IN 15 HOURS.
THROUGH TO ST. LOUIS IN 14 HOURS.
THROUGH TO CINCINNATI IN 20 HOURS.

Connections made with all Western Roads for any part of the West.

ILLINOIS, MICHIGAN, WISCONSIN, IOWA, MISSOURI, KANSAS, &c., &c.

Fare as Low as by any other Railroad or Steam Boat Route.

Freight destined for places in any of the above States forwarded with dispatch and at low rates. Mark care E. O. Norton, Louisville.

For through tickets and rates of freight apply to "SHORT LINE," Railroad office 553, Main street, Louisville, Ky. E. O. NORTON, Agent,
Aug. 31, 1857—ly.

SOMETHING NEW!

Daguerreotypes, Ambrotypes, Photographs, and Ivorytypes.

H. L. GOODWIN,

TAKE pleasure in informing the public that he has returned to Frankfort, and taken the Gallery of C. A. Clarke, adjoining the Telegraph Office, and that he would be pleased to wait on those wishing perfect Likenesses of themselves or friends. He is confident he will be able to please the most fastidious in any kind of picture they may desire, from a life-size portrait to the smallest Daguerreotype or Ambrotype. Also, Daguerreotypes of deceased persons enlarged to the size of Life and Colored in Oil, and satisfaction given.

I am also prepared to make those gems of Photography, the Daguerreotype, which is truly the most durable small picture yet produced. The Ivorytype, (made only at this Gallery,) is acknowledged by all to be the most beautiful style of Photographic pictures ever presented to the public. In brilliancy of tone and color, delicacy of finish, correctness of likeness, and durability, it is far superior to the best miniature on Ivory.

Call and See. July 9, 1860—w&twf.

BININGERS' OLD LONDON DOCK GIN

GIN AS A REMEDIAL AGENT.

THIS delicious tonic stimulant, especially designed for the use of the Medical Profession and the Family, having superseded the so-called "Gins," "Aromatic," "Cordial," "Medicated," "Schnapps," &c., is now indorsed by all of the prominent physicians, chemists, and connoisseurs, as possessing all of those intrinsic medicinal qualities (tonic and diuretic) which belong to an OLD and PURE Gin. Put up in quart bottles and sold by all druggists, grocers, &c.

A. M. BININGER & CO.,
(Established in 1778.) Sole Proprietors,
No. 19 Broad street, N. Y.

For sale by **D. S. BARNES & CO.,** No. 13 Park Row, New York.

Our long experience and familiarity with the requirements of Druggists, and our superior business facilities, enable us to furnish them with choice Liquors for medicinal and family use.

no23 w&twf.

PHOENIX FOUNDRY.

TENTH ST. BETWEEN MAIN AND CANAL,
OPPOSITE THE ARTESIAN WELL,
WM. H. GRAINGER, Agent.

MANUFACTURER OF Steam Engines and Machinery for Saw or Grist Mills, Coal Mines, &c., Cranks, Gudgeons, Rag Irons, Saw Slides, Carriage Segments, Cotton Gin Segments, and Pinions, Car Wheels, Grate Bars, Mill Spindles, Mill Dogs and Stirrups always on hand.

Hotchkiss' Reaction Water Wheels for Grist or Saw Mills.
A large assortment of Patterns for Mill Gearings made at the shortest notice.

W. H. GRAINGER, Agent,
January 17, 1860—ly. Louisville, Ky.

DO YOU WANT WHISKERS? DO YOU WANT WHISKERS? DO YOU WANT A MUSTACHE? DO YOU WANT A MUSTACHE?

Bellingham's celebrated Stimulating Ointment for the Whiskers and Hair.

The subscribers take pleasure in announcing to the citizens of the United States, that they have obtained the Agency for, and are now enabled to offer to the American public, the above justly celebrated and world-renowned ointment.

THE STIMULATING OINTMENT is prepared by Dr. C. P. Bellingham, an eminent physician of London, and warranted to bring out a thick set of

WHISKERS OR A MUSTACHE in from three to six weeks. This article is the only one of the kind used by the French, and in London and Paris it is in universal use.

It is a beautiful, economical, soothing, yet stimulating compound, acting as if by magic upon the roots, causing a beautiful growth of luxuriant hair. If applied to the scalp, it will cure baldness and create a growth of hair, and is now being sold at a fine growth of new hair. Applied according to directions, it will turn red or tow hair dark, and restore gray hair to its original color, leaving it soft, smooth, and flexible. The "Ointment" is an indispensable article in every gentleman's toilet, and after one week's use they would not for any consideration be without it.

The subscribers are the only Agents for the article in the United States, to whom all orders must be addressed.

Price One Dollar a box—for sale by all Druggists and Dealers; or a box of the "Ointment" (warranted to have the desired effect) will be sent to any who desire it, by mail (direct), securely packed, on receipt of price and postage, \$1.15. Apply to, or address.

HORACE L. HEGEMAN & CO.,
DRUGGISTS, &c.,
24 William St., New York.
feb22-6m*.

Kentucky Central Railroad!

THE only direct route from the interior of Kentucky to New York, Boston, and all other Eastern Cities and Towns. Decidedly the most Comfortable and Reliable route for passengers going South, West, or Northwest.

CLOSE CONNECTIONS.
Being made at Cincinnati with the 7:50 p. m. Express Train via the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad, for Cairo, St. Joseph, New Orleans, Kansas City, St. Louis, Pike's river, and all Western Towns.

And with the 7:30 p. m. Trains, via the Indianapolis and Cincinnati, Cincinnati, Hamilton, and Dayton Railroads for Chicago, St. Paul, Detroit, Galena, Springfield, Toledo, Milwaukee, Lafayette, Bloomington, and all other Northwestern Cities and Towns.

But one change of cars from Lexington and Nicholasville to St. Louis and Chicago, in daylight; whereas by any other route two changes are made, both after night!

Passengers can now leave Danville, Harrodsburg, Richmond, Lancaster, Mt. Sterling, or Winchester, in the morning, and arrive in St. Louis or Chicago in time for breakfast next morning.

TWO PASSENGER TRAINS.
Leave Nicholasville daily (Sundays excepted), at 8:00 a. m., and Lexington at 6:00 a. m., and 1:50 p. m., and arrive at Covington at 11:00 a. m., and 6:27 p. m.

Through Tickets can be had at the Kentucky Stage Offices in Danville, Bryansville, Winchester, Mt. Sterling, and Richmond, and at the Offices of the Kentucky Central Railroad in Nicholasville, Lexington, Paris, and Oysterville.

jan26 1860—ly. C. A. WITHERS, Sup't.

LOOK AT THIS!

M. L. PIERSON,
MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER IN CHOICE CONFECTIONERIES.

St. Clair Street, Frankfort, Ky.,
(At the old stand of T. P. Pierson.)

THANKFUL for the very liberal patronage I have received since the above establishment was opened, I have to say that no exertion on my part shall be wanting to supply the increasing demand for Cakes, Candies, Pyramids, Ice Cream, &c., on the shortest notice and most reasonable terms.

I am also agent for Clark's Revolving Looper Sewing Machines—one of the best and cheapest machines now in use. Price \$35; Hammer \$5 extra.

"ICE! ICE! ICE!" The greatest advantage yet—can be had at my Confectionery at any time from 5 o'clock a. m., until 9 o'clock p. m.
March 21, 1860. **M. L. PIERSON.**

EXCELSIOR PARAFFINE OILS,

For Barring and Lubricating.

FREE FROM OFFENSIVE ODOR.
At No. 97 Walnut Street, Cincinnati, O.

WE warrant our Oil to be equal, if not superior, to any in the market.

We invite those in the city and vicinity to call and examine for themselves.

"Persons ordering from a distance, satisfaction guaranteed in all cases. We invite a comparative trial with any manufacturing establishment in America."

C. R. HASKIN, Agent, or **A. G. HODGES, Treasurer,**
Kanawha C. C. M. Oil Manufacturing Co.,
Feb. 14, 1860. 97 Walnut St., Cincinnati.

STRAYED OR STOLEN.

About the 6th instant, a light BAY HORSE, shod all round, 15½ hands high, a star in his forehead and snip on the nose; one hind foot white; 8 or 9 years old. He may have light harness marks, as he works in my carriage.

ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS REWARD Will be paid upon conviction of the thief and return of the horse, if stolen; or a generous reward if he be laid down.

Frankfort, dec12 ly. **A. W. DUDLEY.**

LESLIE COMBS.

Cincinnati and Kentucky River Packet.

Built expressly for the trade. **GEO. STIVERS, Master.** Leaves Cincinnati on Mondays at 4 p. m., for Frankfort and Munday's Landing, and for Woodford and Coggs' Landings on Thursdays, at 4 p. m.

Returning, leaves Frankfort Wednesdays and Sundays, at 8 o'clock a. m.

For freight or passage apply on board or to John R. Graham, agent, Frankfort. nov19 ly.

COAL AND LUMBER YARD

THE undersigned would inform the citizens of Frankfort and the surrounding country, that he will keep constantly on hand Yohogany, Kentucky River, Pomeroy and Cannel Coal, which he will sell at the lowest market price, either by the quantity or cart load.

He also keeps all kinds of LUMBER, which he will sell at accommodating terms.

His Coal and Lumber Yard is on the Kentucky River, immediately below the Railroad Bridge, being the same formerly occupied by Todd & Crittenden.

September 3, 1860—tf. **JOHN C. BATES.**

Notice to Trespassers.

WE, the undersigned, forbid hunting, shooting game, and cutting trees upon our premises. The law will be enforced against all who do so.

Joseph Terry, S. B. Seefeld, Thomas Elliott, Geo. Parent, Wm. T. Harding, Dr. J. R. Hawkins, A. B. Read, Hugh Allen, Talbott Collins, FRANKLIN COUNTY, February 1st, 1861. ly

Guard against Fall and Winter Fires!

BY CHOICE INSURANCE WITH THE



CASH CAPITAL, - \$1,000,000, ABSOLUTE AND UNIMPAIRED.

NET SURPLUS OF - \$942,800 72, And the prestige of 40 years success and experience.

UPWARDS OF \$12,000,000 Of Losses have been paid by the Etna Insurance Company in the past 40 years.

The value of reliable Insurance will be apparent from the following

LOSSES PAID BY THE ETNA DURING THE PAST FIVE YEARS.

In Ohio.... \$41,520 83 Michigan, \$158,043 81 In Wisn., 106,955 87 Indiana.... 146,839 81 In Kent'y, 294,839 40 Illinois.... 448,327 41 Missouri.... 384,518 04 Tennessee, 97,349 21 Iowa & Min 101,399 46 Kans.& Neb 19,945 77 Penn.& Va. 31,593 82 Ark